ourg, hereafter menills committed to me llect, in the several

nal Proprietors. ph Frye. k Stacy. ı Russell. or Peabody. uel Ingalls.

es Day. iel Farington. liam Eaton. es Day. iam Eaton. es Hazeltine. iel Farington

i Russell. liam Exton. iam Eaton. iam Eaton. Chandler, Jr. Chandler. Chandler, amin Russell. ciel Walker. tiel Walker. d Chandler. g charges, on or her ock before noon, so en be sold at Public

SWAN, Collector. ALS

SUBSCRIPTION discussion, or E_{x-} much Controines of

alvation.

to illustrate and ller, in a way that and to show how Doctrine, not have A HISTORY (so far purposes) will be Universal Salvas first preached, to r with an account et emineut Preachave advocated the clearly stated from never ending misery v it became jutto. Church, &c. &c. e Work will be inllogues, and a numites, illustrative of And as the writer l books forerer, be ous Address to his in God's universal,

of Albany, (N. Y) Shakers, Litherial ory of the Jews. ich the anthor has eneral satisfaction, tfully noticed by er critical writers, I to offer this, for

ed on good paper. contain about 400 ind and lettered, for eived at the Ox-

Oct. 5. SALE.

nud will be sold at TURDAY the fourth two o'clock P. W. of Captain Mone: ight in Equity and ASPINWALL, of ford, Clockmaker, rlin, now improve same being mortor \$150, together md appertenances

N. Dep. Sheriji.

crsons indebted to Note or Account, s standing, are reto them previous xt, or they will be ollection.

remaining in the Oct. 2, 1826. lliam C. Brooks t. Stephen Blake---Chandler Cushis Faunce--Lenis w.d--Joseph Ham-avid P. Hunnefort Mann-Cyrus Is. 2—Simeon Perkins ine-Overseers of , 3—Edmond Nozid Twitchell. BBARD, P. M.

rver lay morning, by Herons,)

t to a deduction of s pay cask within of their subscripicuously inserted

per square—less to cents. Legal

otil all arregrages of the publisher. is it expedient to sha'l always enrect, he will not t any error in any amount charged

OBSERV

VOL. III.7

PARIS, (Maine,) THURSDAY MORNING, OCTOBER 26, 1826.

[NO. 121.

THE REFLECTOR.

Extracts from Dr. Blair's Sermons.

ON THE DUTIES OF THE YOUNG. Diligence, Industry, and Proper Improvement of Time, are material duties them, either for their temporal or them successfully through life, they variety of size, of costly marble.

of improvement, but the foundation of pleasure. Nothing is so opposite to the true enjoyment of life, as the relaxed and feeble state of an indolent mind. He who is a stranger to Inactive as it is in itself, its effects are

certain parent of guilt and ruin. And the Lord searcheth all hearts, and un- languages, and of the usages and policy under idleness I include, not mere in- derstandeth all the imaginations of the of the Turks. There are three churchfling occupations, in which too many found of thee; but if thou forsake him, of the Sultan's pages, where they are eduly engaged in frivolous society, or public amusements, in the labors of dress, or the ostentation of their persons.—Is this the foundation which you lay for future usefulness and esteem? By such accomplishments, do you hope to recommend yourselves to the thinking part of the world, and to answer the expectations of your friends, and your country? ners of its inhabitants, differing from Amusements youth require. It were stantinople does not engage the interest vain, it were cruel to prohibit them. that may have been felt, for a city of flowers and young cypress, that are to tion, they are most culpable, as the city, with its suburbs, spread over seven dead, the Orientals attest the deepest business, of the young. For they hills, presents a perfect amphithentre; respect. The Armenian cemetery, on then become the gulf of time, and and in approaching it from the Propon-the poison of the mind of the gulf of time, and and in approaching it from the Propon-the poison of the mind of the gulf of time, and and in approaching it from the Propon-the contrary, is the most frequented is another this another feast is the poison of the mind. They foment tas or sea of Marmora, the panoramic promenade of Constantinople. Here, Seventy days after this, another feast is bad passions—they weaken the man-view is enchanting. This picture is di-ly powers—they sink the native vigor versitied by houses, mosques, cupolas to enjoy the rural pleasures, and wan-to enjoy the rural pleasures, and wan-rifices.

Redeeming your time from such dangerous waste, seek to fill it with emany affluence of fortune or any elethe channel, and is the favorite summer with crossed legs, and rarely uttering a
vation of rank, exempts you from the
residence of the Sultan. This country word. This grave deportment is pecuthe demand of nature, of reason, and ments of art. minds they may escape; but they remain in the remembrance of Gov. They form an important part of the

an account to Gov.

THE REPOSITORY. AND THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPER

[From Poulson's American Advertiser.] Sketch of the City of Constantinople.

Excepting a few edifices of public utility, the picturesque and beautiful views which it presents, and the manthose of the most civilized nations, Con-

foliage.

serves. register of your life. They will here after testimony, either for or against you. at that day, when, for all your actions, but particularly for the Great; and an obelisk to the hill or haunches. While in this position a valor and enthusiasm are ineffectual.

Let me finish this subject, with re- drome, which was transported from hymn is sung for half an hour, accomcalling your attention to that dependence on the blessing of Heaven, The Turks call this place Atmeidan. After this, the monks salute their cheik tinguished sovereigns of Turkey. He which amidst all your endeavors after improvement, you ought continuthe city by acceptable with water, which is conveyed to first signal, they commence waltzing, faith, and superintends affairs himself. ally to preserve. It is too common they re- ture of the mosques gives them a fine with the wound even when they re- ture of the mosques gives them a fine with the most astonishing rapidity; and and were supported in them, this counof the young. To no purpose are with the young, even when they reeffect; that of St. Sophia is remarkable. such is the force of habit, that they are try would soon rise to great prosperity. they endowed with the best abilities, solve to tread the path of virtue and This temple has been built since the never rendered giddy. The Dervishes This Monarch is also possessed of exif they want activity for exerting honor, to set out with presumptuous sixteenth century, by the architects, preach discourses, and observe a rigor-traordinary firmness. This important them. Unavailing, in this case, will confidence in themselves. Trusting Anthemias and Isidor; it is vast in its ous fast every Thursday. They make quality enables him to oppose the dan-

ed. In youth, the incentives to it are they are apt to reckon the gloomy riving at the city, possesses nothing very of a cylindric cap of grey felt, a waist- and from whom the successions to the strongest, from ambition and from discipline of religion. Alas! how lit- attractive. The three palaces of which coat, white petticoats and a cloak of Empire must descend, are not called strongest, from ambition and from discipline of religion. Alas! how lit-duty, from emulation and hope, from the dothey know the dangers which it consists, are in the midst of gardens greyish cloth.

Sultanas, as is generally supposed. This which are enclosed by a high wall.—

The beautiful Georgians, and lovely title is only given to the sisters of the all the prospects which the beginning await them? Neither human wisdom, They extend one league, from the port Circassians, victims to the cruel jealousy Sultan, his aunts, and cousins. When a of life affords. If, dead to these calls, nor human virtue, unsupported by to the Imperial chatteau of seven tow- of their masters, are constantly confined new Sovereign ascends the throne, his you already languish in slothful inaction, what will be able to quicken the tions which often occur in life. By ers of State. Within the enclosure of fortune should throw one of these enmore sluggish current of advancing the shock of temptation, how fre- the Serail, there are nearly ten thou- fortune should throw one of these en- es, from that moment, great influence in

pressure of disaster, how often has The famous porte (gate) from which the greatest constancy sunk? Every this Empire derives its name, is in the good and every perfect gift is from above. interior of the city, and near to St. So- ing for those brilliant eyes. They are of the Mosques every Friday, to pray. Wisdom and virtue, as well as riches phia. Here are exposed the heads of kept by the ministers, and wealthier On the occasions here noticed, the paand honor, come from God. Destitute the unfortunate victims of intrigue, jea- classes. The slaves of the Grand Seig- geantry of the Orientals was exhibited, industry, may possess, but he cannot enjoy. For it is labor only which gives the relish to pleasure. It is the appointed vehicle of every good to man. It is the indispensable condition of our possessing a sound mind man. It is the indispensable condition of our possessing a sound mind cover them from the gathering storm. gest are Pera and Galata, which are inin a sound body. Sloth is so incon- Correct, then, this ill-founded arro- habited by foreigners of different nasistent with both, that it is hard to gance. Expect not, that your happitions, who are all called Franks. These determine whether it be a greater foe ness can be independent of Him who enjoy the protection of the government: made you. By faith and repentance, Pera is the most commercial, and is the Georgians. They possess the agreemens part of the world residence of the Ambassadors from Enfatally powerful. Though it appear By piety and prayer seek the protectioner of the Drogomans, who of their sex, without being remarkably having sweet perfumes, and bearing the a slowly flowing stream, yet it undermines all that is stable and flourishing. It not only saps the foundation of every virtue, but pours upon you a deluge of crimes and evils. It is like water which first putrifies by stagnawater which first putrifies by stagna- as addressed to himself, and to en- are of the highest trust and importance, sacred principle, that laws are the pri- Sultan, which the Turks approached for they communicate between the fortion, and then sends up noxious va- grave deeply on his heart: Thou, for they communicate between the for-Solomon, my son, know thou the God of eign Ministers and those of the Otto- glory of a sovereign. thy fathers; and serve him with a per- man Porte, in all matters. This office Fly, therefore, from idleness as the feet heart, and with a willing mind. For requires a perfect knowledge of various cated until they enter the service of

the Serail. Forests of cypress, in the environs of the city and faubourgs, shade the cemeteries, which are called by the Turks, champs-des-morts. Through the sombre and mournful foliage of these umgi. In these sents of gloom, it is impossible to view with indifference the sulmans, who are seen watering the water, coffee and the pipe, which is of youth, into contemptible effemina- and minarets; and the trees which are der among the tomb-stones, forgetful at The every where interspersed, afford an once, of the death which they comhas caused.

satisfaction. The acquisition of know-ledge is one of the most honorable occupations of youth. The desire of it Sea, is five leagues. The town of Scullians a liberal roll of the port, to the Black Sea, is five leagues. The town of Scullians and is constitute and is constitute and is constitute related by the season of the port, to the Black five resort of the Grand Seigneur. The Mufti, head of the law, and the constitute related by the season of the port, to the Black five resort of the Grand Seigneur. The Mufti, head of the law, and the constitute related by the season of the port, to the Black five resort of the Grand Seigneur. The Mufti, head of the law, and the constitute related by the season of the port, to the Black five resort of the Grand Seigneur. The Mufti, head of the law, and the constitute related by the season of the port, to the season of the discovers a liberal mind, and is con- tari stands on the Asiatic coast, immedi- sels and innumerable batteauxs. The nected with many accomplishments, ately opposite to Constantinople. Both Arsenal, situated on the right side of the and many virtues. But though your sides of this channel, which furnish the harbor, and in the extreme suburb, is a train of life should not lead you to most beautiful sites, are embellished well constructed building. There were

be every direction that can be given to their own abilities for carrying dimensions, and has columns of every vows of poverty, chastity and humility; gerous intrigues of his favorites, his spiritual welfare. In youth the hab- are carcless of applying to God, or of The Serail, which is one of the first always severe. The dress of the Der- sans. The seven Kadines, (or married its of industry are most easily acquir- deriving any assistance from what objects that present themselves on ar- vishes-mewlevis is very simple, consisting women,) which number is fixed by law,

> quently have the most virtuous intensand persons residing, who belong to tions been overthrown? Under the pressure of disaster, how often has The famous porte (gate) from which the Jachmack, which envelopes their a noble and imposing air, and by an athead and face, leaving but a small open-tractive physiognomy. He visits some

much restrained, as may be supposed casque with flowing white plumes, by They are seen walking every where, the Solaks, wearing pointed and gilt but never with men, and always cover- casques, and carrying a halbert, and

are capable of suffering: they are hos- Sovereign, who was mounted, and in a pitable, faithful, generally active, pene- costume sufficiently simple, excepting a trating and covetous of knowledge; su- plume of large diamonds. This cereaction only, but all that circle of tri- thoughts. If thou seek him, he will be es of the Catholic faith. The college for their religion. They pray five being the Religion to the Religion of for their religion. They pray five being the Kalif and Chief Iman, howtimes every day, and when the hour for ever much he may be indisposed. The these is announced, they abandon the author of this sketch was informed by a most important business. Their priests, who are called imans and muezzins, notify these hours of prayer from the mi- proceeding to the Mosque, having been narets upon the mosques, and the Turks previously very ill, but was compelled fall upon their kness, with their faces to obey this law. towards Mecca. In their adoration, brageous trees, rise a vast number of they often bow their heads to the ground. sepulchral stones, and marble sarcopha-gi. In these sents of gloom, it is imtheir lunary month. They are obliged pious sympathy and grief of the Mus- to abstain from all sorts of food, from But though allowable as the relaxa- such ancient renown. This populous decorate the family tomb. For the setting of the sun. The bairam, which and decorate the family tomb. For the severe to Easter, terminates this fast: grievous privation, from the rising to the swers to Easter, terminates this fast; and for three days; every body is engag-

The arts, sciences, industry, and alagreeable contrast, by their verdant memorate, and of the sorrows which it most all the happy results of civilization, are estranged to this delightful country. ployments which you may view with from Asia; and its extent from Lean- its suburbs, and extends about four ance of the Mahometans and their poli-

body of Ulema, (savans,) intrusted with richest of the Greeks, by intrigues and the interpretation of the koran and the great sacrifices, manage to retire into laws, with the administration of justice the principalities of Wallachia and Molstudy, the course of education always furnishes proper employments to a well disposed mind. Whatever you pursue, be emulous to excel. Generous ambition, and sensibility to praise, are, especially at your age, among the marks of virtue. Think not, that any affluence of fortune or any electrons and is the favorite summer with entering any affluence of fortune or any electrons and is the favorite summer with entering and sultary influence over the administration of justice in principalities of waractian and Molecular this place, with insumerable villas, and pleasure healty forty vessels of war at this place, but in bad condition. The breadth of the barbor and canal is nearly four hundred fit in bad condition. The breadth of the barbor and canal is nearly four hundred fit in bad condition. The breadth of the barbor and canal is nearly four hundred fit in bad condition. The breadth of the barbor and canal is nearly four hundred fit in bad condition. The breadth of the barbor and canal is nearly four hundred fit in bad condition. The breadth of the barbor and canal is nearly four hundred fit in bad condition. The breadth of the barbor and canal is nearly four hundred fit in bad condition. The breadth of the barbor and canal is nearly four hundred fit in bad condition. The breadth of the barbor and canal is nearly four hundred fit in bad condition. The breadth of the barbor and canal is nearly four hundred fit in bad condition. The breadth of the barbor and canal is nearly four hundred fit in bad condition. The breadth of the barbor and canal is nearly four hundred fit in bad condition. The breadth of the barbor and canal is nearly four hundred fit in bad condition. The breadth of the barbor and canal is nearly four hundred fit in bad condition. The breadth of the barbor and canal is nearly four hundred fit in bad condition. The breadth of the barbor and canal is nearly four hundred fit in bad condition. The breadth of the barbor and canal is nearly four hundred fit in bad condition. The breadth of the barbor and cana and of his ministers.

duties of application and industry. derives its leveliness from nature, and liar to the Oriental character. Among not be a difficult enterprise; the de-Industry is the law of our being; it is is but little indebted to the improve- the Turkish cases of Pera; that of sence that could be made would be see- employed by the Government in the Tchhe is remarkable; deriving its name ble, except on the side of the sea, service of the customs. of Gop. Remember always that the The interior of the city is disgusting from a neighboring convent of Dervi- where there are well disposed batteries, years which now pass over your in the extreme, presenting to the eye shes. The Dervishes-mewlevis, Turkish stretching from the Dardanelles to the Greek Signiors, and the best families of heads, leave permanent memorials nothing but wooden houses, narrow and monks, are dependent on their princi- Black Sea. The naval and land forces the suburbs of Pera, reside during the behind them. From your thoughtless crooked streets, and great numbers of pal convent at Cogna, a town of Asia are in the utmost disorder. Without in- pleasant season, in their country-houses filthy dogs, which superstition pre- Minor. They inhabit a fine house, and struction, they are destitute of military at Terrapia and Buejakdere, two considlive in common. Within this house, spirit, and of skilful commanders, and, erable villages situated on the left bank. The monuments and objects worthy there is a circular chapel, with a double in fact, of every thing necessary for de- of the bay formed by the Bosphorus,

but their virtue in the two first is not honored mistresses, and of his courte-

the peiks, (body guard,) armed with The other Turkish women are not so bows and arrows, and wearing a large they would pay to the Sultan himself. The Turks are a sober people, and The rest of the suite surrounded the creditable person, that a Sultan, some years since, expired on his horse, while

> The people generally avail of these occasions to express their discontent. The author has also seen this Monarch in the midst of his train, at the Champ d'ok Meidan. He was present as the Grand Master of the Archers, in whose exercise he take great delight, and even prefers it to the chase. The Sultan's pages constitute the greatest number of this corps, and in the Serail they very frequently employ themselves in arching.

The plague often ravages this country. Conflagrations occur frequently. and, in general, arise from the discontent of the people. The law requires the Grand Seigneur to assist on these occasions. Many thousands of houses are usually consumed. Aid and exertions are not wanting, it is true; but they are either too late, or become in-

The Greeks, Armenians, and Jews The Mufti, head of the law, and the constitute a numerous population. The bave also the casting of gold and silver The conquest of this country would coin at the State mint. The Jews, who

The European Ambassadors, the

your actions, but particularly for the Platea; a very high marble column, the balustrade in the centre of the upon an enemy; but they are ignorant tinople, of three weeks, have furnished employments of youth, you must give erected in honor of Theodosius the chapel, and seat themselves on their of that science of war, without which, the few notices of that city which have

Washington's Valedictory

etter from the Honorable John Juy, to Honorable Richard Peters, (Copy.)

BEDFORD, March 28, 1811. Dear Sir-I have received your letter of Paris, which you was so obliging as to send me, and for which accept my thanks.

Your letter conveyed to me the first and only information I have received, that a copy of President Washington's Valedictory Ad-General Hamilton, and in his hand-writing; and that a certain gentleman had also a copy of it, in the same hand-writing.

This intelligence is unitersant and unexpected. Had the address been one of those official papers which, in the course of addirs, the Secretary of the proper department might have prepared, and the President have signed, these facts would have I-cen unimportant; but it was a personal act of choice, not of official duty; and it was so must have been sensible of this propriety, and therefore strong evidence would be necessary to make me believe that he violated it. Whether he did or did not, is a question the measures which he took to arrive at sucwhich naturally directs our attention to what- cess, would be to write a volume. The firmever affords presumptive evidence respecting ness and policy with which he overcome the it, and leads the mind into a long train of obstacles placed in his way by the derangecorrespondent reflections. I will give you a eummary of those which have occurred to me; not because I taink them necessary to as well as by the deleterious influences of the rettle the point in question, for the sequel will show that they are not, but because the ec. Our records, and histories, and memocecasion invites me to take the pleasure of ries, render it unnecessary. It is sufficient to to the knowledge of it under implied confireviewing and bearing testimony to the merits of my departed friend.

sident only the reputed author of that Ad- us withering-it left us flourishing. dress? Although they countenance such a be found too slight and shallow, to resist that guided them for many years from one degree it might be used to invalidate the strong and full stream of counter evidence of prosperity to another, he was not qualified, to which those facts give color.

This consideration terminates which flows from the conduct and character on retiring, to advise them how to proceed into transient splender by the breath of adu- and the burthen of his Valedictory Address? for ever stand a glorious monument of human excellence.

So prove, however, is ' poor human nature' to dislike and depreciate the superiority of tice which had invariably directed his adits cotemperaries, that when these facts come to be generally known, fand generally known they will be,) many with affected regret and hesitation will infer and hint that Washingmirers secribed to him. Nor will the number and presented them to his fellow-citizens in opinion. He then proposed to fix on a day suspicious continued through the sucinducements, will artfully encourage, and diligently endeavor to give currency to such last percental admonitions of this Father of that day Col. Ha nilton attended. He obimputations. On the other hand, there are his Country were gratefully received and uni- served to me in words to this effect, that increase their number,) who, aiming only at troth, will cheerfully trace and follow its footsteps, and on finding, foodly embrace it. Urged by this laudable motive, they will attentively examine the history of his life; and in it they will meet with such numerous proofs of his knowledge and experience of men, and things in general, and of our national affairs in particular, as to silence at doubts of his ability to conceive and express style and tashion of the address, should inti- graph, matil the whole met with our mutual every idea in that address. A careful perusal of that history will convince them that tially in his mind does not prove that he was during the interview, but none of much the principles of policy which it recommends also capable of communicating his advice in importance.

There have been in the world but two fcorned at school: systems or schools of policy, the one founded on the great principles of wisdom and rectitude, the other on coming, and its various artifices. To the first of those belonged Washington, and all the other worthies of cal maxim, which teaches us that they who every country who ascended to the Temple will understand their subject, will be at no of Honor through the Temple of Virtue. -school have been explained and inculcated) In all civilized countries they are known, proved by the application of maxime; it is though piten neglected; and in free States established by facts.

use of this knowledge, could Washington. Although in the habit of depending ulti a pended, the perfidy of others, and the ment or proposition, they would propose it-

prolong it. He disbanded the army under is the man to be found, who would have the circumstances which required no common de- hardihood to say to him in substance, though gree of policy or virtue; and with universal in terms ever so nice and courtly-"Sir, I admiration and plaudits, descended, joyfully have examined and considered your draft of and serenely, into the shades of retirement. an address—it will not do—it is really good They who ascribe all this to the guidance the agency of human means.

When at a subsequent and alarming period the nation found that their affairs had gone dress has been found among the papers of danger and distress were rising over them in into confusion, and that clouds portending every quarter, they instituted under his auspices a more efficient government, and called upon to take the helm or command of a ship on the point of running aground among the breakers. This universal confidence connected with other obvious considerations as that he only could, with propriety, write it. In my opinion President Washington whole people in favor of any fellow-citizen is would have proved universal mistake, had it rarely erroneous, especially in times of alarm

and calamity. To delineate the course, and enumerate ment of national affairs, by the devices of domestic demagogues and of foreign agents. French revolution, need not be particulariz-

say, and it can be said with truth, that his dence, I doubted when I first received your Is it to be presumed from these facts that fusion into order, out of degradation and disadministration raised the nation out of con-General Hamilton was the real, and the Prestress into reputation and prosperity; it found

Is it to be believed that after having thus so it could only be preserved and prolonged by a continued and steady adherence to those principles of sound policy and impartial jus-

ministration. Although the knowledge of them had been

associating the facts you mention with the as rules for the conduct of others, are pre- a paper so well written. Let these gentlecisely those by which he regulated his own. a paper so went written. Det more gentle-men recollect the classical maxim which they by despatched, yet aware of the consequence

· Scribendi recte, sapere est, et principium, et fons."

They may also be referred to another classical maxim, which teaches us that they who loss for mords:

taught; they crossed the Aciantic with our let us in like manner judge of his pen by its scored by interlineations, &c. By comparing forefathers, and in our days perticularly, performances. Few men who had so little it with the paper sent with it, he would imhave not only engaged the time and atten because have written so much. His public mediately observe the particular emendations tion of students, but have been constantly letters alone are voluminous, and public and corrections, that were proposed, and and eloquently displayed by able men in our opinion has done justice to their ments.—) would find them standing in their intended Senates and Assemblies. What *cason can Many of them have been published, and they places. Hence he was enabled to review, there be that Washington did not understand who read them will be convinced that at the and to decide on the whole matter, with these subjects? It he asked what these sub- period of the address he had not to learn how much greater clearness and facility, than if sets comprehend or relate to, the answer is to write well. But it may be remarked that he had received them in separate and detachting,—they relate to the hathre and duties of the address is more highly finished than the ed potes, and with detailed references to the ingdon, Philipshurg, Instantur, and Smith- A Lady reported to have worked at man, to his propensities and passions, his ver letters, and so it ought to be; that address pages and lines where they were advised to port, Pa.; Olean, Ellicottsville, &c. to the brick ground, when a strong lad, taes and vices, his habits and prejudices, his was to be presented to the whole nation, and be introduced. real and relative wests and enjoyments, his on no common occasion; it was intended for With great esteem and regard, I am, dear this route is about the same as that on as much in a day as the Lady brickcarrecties for social and national happiness, the present and future generation; it was to sir, your obedient servant, JOHN JAY. and the means by which, according to time, be read in this country and in foreign country. The Hon. Richard Peters, Esq. place, and other existing circumstances, it is tries; and to be criticised not only by affecin a greater or less degree to be produced, tunide friends and impartial judges, but also preserved, and increased. I rom a produind by envious and malignant enemies. It was investigation of these subjects, calightened an address which, according as it should er investigation of these subjects, enugan and an address which, according as a should set of the Sth September, have two ringes in any negree result all that knowledge and should not correspond with his exalted clear- Paris papers to the 8th September, have the construction of a road, viz. the Tuss nearly as dry as the former under such which enable legislators and rulers to manpeach the prevailing opinion of his talents or few articles of interest. A few translations carora mountain, which can be passed management,
age and govern public affairs wisely and wisdom. Who, therefore, can wonder that follow:

They contain not
at an elevation of about 350 feet above. Farmers we he should bestow more thought and time, By what other means than the practical and pains, on that address, than a letter?

have been able to lead and govern an army mately on his own judgment, yet no man was hastly collected from various parts, and who more solicitous to obtain and collect light on; of the Isle of Sames three times and Northward of Philipslang, the country duce into a new formed association, dis trought with them to the field all the license every question and measure on which he had have been repulsed with the loss of two is hilly, and in places, broken by the order, confusion, and absurdity, they and all the haste which they had included at to necide. He knew that authors, like frigates and two brigs. The confidence valleys of the water courses, which usus could not have effected it with more traces Could be by the force of orders and concerts, are not among the first to discover of the Philhellenists throughout Europe ally are sunk very deep below the complete success than the founder and from level of the country, but the im- manager of New Harmony. were attachment which he so cash acquired, imitate the example of those ancient and A letter from Syra, dated Aug. 1st, pediments to the passage of a road are and wine hithroughout all vicissitudes and discounter writers. (among whom were states says, "The naval campaign has opened, of a character to be overcome without tablish such superior arrangement as to treeses, toutined constant and undiminished men, generals, and even men of consular and The Turkish fleet having taken troops much difficulty. to the last? By what other means could be roval dignity,) who submitted their compasi-teres bean able to tenstrate the roval dignity,) who submitted their compasi-teres bean able to tenstrate the row of their felends below on Pearl at Scio and Myttlene, appeared. The route that next presents itself danger of falling; and the new system, dark cabals, and the unceasing integrees of they put the last hand to them. Those onvious competitors and the arts of the friends would make notes of whatever detects gallant Sachtonis, with from 31 to 40 from this city, passing through West, and to render his easy, happy, and opposing enemy? By what other means they observed in the draft, and of the corressail, immediately attacked the Turks, minster, the Valley of the Susquehan-Condettable, appears itself in danger of could be have been able in so masterly a position unendments which they deemed and burnt a ship of the line, with very pali, Williamsport, Painted Post, &c. vanishing, "and, like the baseless fabric manner to meet and manage all those per proper. If they found that the arrangement sittle loss. The Turks fled to avoid the Major Long, assisted by Lieut. Trimble, of a vision, leave but a wreck behind." plexing enterrassments which the revolu- would be improved, they would advise cer- like ships, but returned on the 29th, will immediately engage in the examination of a some consensations of the connection has been ships, but returned on the 29th, will immediately engage in the examination of a some consensations. which the want of that power in Congress tween any of the relative parts was obscure, when a terrible battle took place, which ation of this route.—Nut. Intelligencer, which they fact not, and of that promptitude they would make it more apparent—if a continued on the 30th, and although the which no deliberative body can have, -which conclusion had better be left to implication result is not known, every one presides the frequent destitution and constant uncer- than expressed, they would strike it out, and a glorious Greek victory." tainty of essential supplies, -which the in- so vice versa, if an additional remark or competency of individuals on whom much allusion would give force or light to a sentidifficulties, even down to the time when his prepare a new one, and offer it to the author

which terminated the war. His high and, Among ose to whose judgment and candained the intigations of lawless ambition to such an interesting and delicate task, where for nothing, but sir, I have taken the trouble the 14th ult. and also the book on Pinister of and protection of Providence do well, but to write a proper one for you, and I now Turkish fleets off Samos, the Evulotier of Paris, which you was so obliging as to send let them recollect that Providence seldom make you a present of it. I advise you to Canaris was sunk and that gallant Ipsainterposes with human affairs, but through adopt it, and to pass it on the world as your riot seriously wounded. He was carriown, the cheat will never be discovered, for ed to Naxis, whither the French Rear you may depend on my secrety-Sir. I have inserted in it a paragraph that will give the public a good opinion of your modesty. I

will read it to you, it is in these words;" "In the discharge of this trust I will only say, that I have with good intentions contriunanimously committed the administration of buted towards the organization and adminisit to him. Would they have done this with- tration of the government, the best exertions out the highest confidence in his political of which a very fallible judgment was capable. cargo of guns and ammunition at Napoli, him to afford them some relief. This talents and wisdom? Certainly not-no no- Not unconscious in the outset of the inferiority vice in navigation was ever unanimously of my qualifications, experience in my own

> whom he esteemed, capable of offering to of the gratitude of the Greeks. him such a present, it is impossible to believe that President Washington was the man to which has rarely been equalled, and perhaps never excelled.

will now turn your attention to some that is

The history (if it may be so called) of the address is not unknown to me; but as I came letter, whether I ought to disclose it. On that if President Washington were now alive, and informed of the facts in question, he would not only authorize, but also desire me presumption, yet I think its foundation will led the nation out of a bewildered state, and to reduce it to writing; that when necessary it might be used to invalidate the imputations

This consideration terminated my doubts of that great man; a character not blown up and go on? And what but this is the object I do not think that a disclosure is necessary at lation, but which, being composed of his He was persuaded that, as the national arrive. Whether I shall then be alive, or in this moment, but I fear such a moment will great and memorable deeds, stands, and will welfare had been recovered and established, capacity to give testimony is so uncertain, that in order to avoid the risk of either, I shall now reduce it to writing, and commit it to your care and discretion, "De bene esse" as the

lawvers say.

Some time before the address appeared, Colonel (afterwards General) Hamilton, inspread and scattered among the people, here formed me that he had received a letter from a little, and there a little, yet being desirous President Washington, and with it a draft of ton had less greatness of talent, and less to mark even the last day of his public life a Farewell Address, which the President had by some act of public utility, he addressed prepared, and on which he requested our ter of every one who "appeared to be are very expensive, the soil being enof those be few, who, from personal or party points of light so clear and strong as to make for an interview at my house on the subject. deep impressions on the public mind. These A day was accordingly appointed, and on versally admired; but the experience of ages after having read and examined the draft, it informs us, that it is less difficult to give good appeared to him to be susceptible of improveadvice than to prevail on men to follow it. | ment. That he thought the casiest and best agorical answers to his Notes on the It is computed there are now between Such, and so obvious is the force of the way was to leave the draft untouched, and subject of the evacuation of Spain by 5 and 600 men at work on the Canal. preceding considerations, as to render doubts in its fair state; and to write the whole of the President's ability to give the advice over with such amendments, alterations and contained in the address too absurd to have corrections, as he thought were adviseable, many serious advocates. But it would not and that he had done so; he then proposed ican States; and on the payment of the preparations there to proceed vigorous-surpriso me, if certain classical gentlemen, to read it, and we proceeded deliberately to loans made by the Cortes.

[In the spring.—R. I. American.]

of such a paper, I suggested the giving it a further critical examination; but he declined it, saying he was pressed for time, and was auxious to return the draft to the President

without delay.

It afterwards occurred to me that a certain proposition was expressed in terms too gene-The doctrines, maxims and precepts of this "Verbaque previsam rem non invita sequentiate tor to the President. As the business took by the ablest writers, ancient and modern. But his ability to write well need not be the draft was unnecessary, and it was not read. There was this advantage in the course pursued; the President's draft remainhave always been publicly con mended and We are teld to judge of a tree by its fruit; ed, (as delicacy required,) fair and not ob-

FOREIGN.

rather favorable than otherwise. This Alleghany mountain, near Philipsburg, equally ignorant of their employment, said that the Turkish fleet have attack- at an elevation of about 600 feet. If any person had attempted to intro-

before Samos on the 27th July. The for examination, leads directly North which was to give it such firm support,

by the Mainotes, is said to have retreat- few days since murdered by a gang of lina on the 7th oit.; but the campaign is nasmanagement of many, could not fail to en-1 where a sentence was too long they would not on Calumeta. His whole force con-slaves, on heard a flat in the river,— warm, and every thing must assimilate gender? We know, and history will inform divide it—they would correct redundancies, st is of about 7,000 men; the Greek The slaves were 75 in number, and the to it. Losterity, that, from the first of his military change words less apt for words more apt. force consists of about 4,000, and they whites were conveying them to the Miscareer, he had to meet and encounter, and &c. &c. &c. To correct a composition in have resolved to act on the defensive sissippi country for sale.—56 of them only. Athens holds bravely out. It is have been retaken in Indiana, and imonly. Athens holds bravely out. It is have been retaken in Indiana, and im- cleven members of the Maryland Sen-

Letters from St. Milo, of the 10th crowded with upwards of 30,000 people, to Red River, took place last spring, chiefly refugees, and that the typhus fever had broken out amongst them.

The Paris Moniteur announces that in an action between the Greek and Turkish fleets off Samos, the Erulotier of Admiral de Rigny sent a schooner with a surgeon to attend him.

It is repeated that Lord Cochrane arrived at Napoli the 26th July, and that his vessels were speedily expected.

of her subjects. tual starvation .- Arkansas Guz. Sept. 25.

A Smyrna article, dated July 25th, says, the British Ambassador has procured from the Divan an order to Kintaby Pasha to respect and preserve the more mature reflection I became convinced antiquities of Athens, and that Com. Hamilton has carried the order to Athens.

A Greek paper announces the death of Germanos, Archbishop of Patras, and of Greece.

first instance, gained some advantage workmen are now proceeding through perished on the occasion. The slaugh- progress. The excavations at this place ceeding day.

ter, was incessant in his demands of cat- which in its fall struck him on the head.

Six new Constitutional papers have peen established at Lisbon.

The London papers announce, that the British Parliament would assemblon the 14th November; and that Lord Gifford, Master of the Rolls, had died perfect equality at New Harmony, its in London, aged 50.

lablishment one half.

DOMESTIC.

by him on his return, is contemplated to much to the comfort and convenience pass through Rockville, Fredericktown, of man, become much in disuse, and a and Hagerstown, Md. Greencastle, Lon-clean sheet has been a scarce article in don, Burnt Cabins, Shirleysburg, Hunt- New Harmony. the route through Emmitsburg, Carlisle, maker would ma week. Other Lady Sec. viz. 365 miles. The monatain sec- or Ladies ordered to milk cows, who tion, which occupies the space between were such novices in the business that at an elevation of about 350 feet above | Farmers were also placed at the loom, GREACE. The news of the Greeks is the mighboring valley country, and the and store keepers in the fields, both mon level of the country, but the im- manager of New Harmony.

white men of this State, named Howard, sident of the United States and his lady. Ibrahim, after being twice defeated Stone, Gray, Cobb, and Davis, were a Warm weather for a ball in South Caro countrymen were enabled, by the success of as a substitute for his own, would deserve a understood to be well garrisoned and prisoned for trial. Some of them were ate out of fifteen are friendly to Gen. lately purchased in Maryland.

THE QUAPARY INDIANS. This tribe of July, state that Napoli di Romania was Indians, (whose removal from Arkansas pursuant to the treaty concluded with them in November, 1821,) we are serry to learn, have recently been reduced almost to the last extremity of wretch. edness and want, hordering on a state of actual starvation, in consequence of the inundation and total destruction of their crops of corn, occasioned by the overflowing of the Red River during the latter part of last spring and the early part of the summer. A deputation from the tribe was a short time since despatched to this place, for the purpose of laying their distressed situa-An English vessel, after discharging a tion before the Governor, and soliciting was plundered on her way to Smyrna, relief, we feel much satisfaction in stateyes, perhaps stell more, in the eyes of others, and the crew remained two days withing, was promptly afforded. The Govhas strengthened the motives to difficence of out provisions, and then accidentally ernor immediately gave an order for full in with an American Corvette, the purchase and delivery to them, of If it be possible to find a man among those This, the above writer says, is a sample 500 bushels of corn; and to prevent the impositions which are too often Mr. S. Canning, the British Minister practised on these untutored sons of the whom such a present would have been ac- at Constantinople, is said to have ad- forest, he very prudently took the preceptable. They who knew President Wash- dressed a note to the Divan, declaring caution, to direct that the corn should ington, and his various en lowments, qualifi- Lord Cochrane to be an adventurer; be delivered to the chiefs, at the resications and virtues, know that, (aggregately Lord Cochrine to be an adventurer; be delivered to the chiefs, at the resiconsidered,) they formed a loud ensemble that his conduct was disavowed by Engitence of the fribe, in the presence of land; and that should be fall into the two magistrates, who are to certify the hands of the Turks, she would not claim fact of its delivery. This timely relief Thus much for presumptive evidence. I him, as she did not consider him as one has, no doubt, saved many of that unfortunate tribe from the horrors of ac-

> BLACKSTONE CANAL. We learn from an authentic source, that notwithstanding the delays which have arisen in consequence of the frequent and heavy pains the present season, the contractors upon the Canal between Blackstone and this place, are progressing with their work President of the Executive Government with landable activity. It is expected that seventeen locks between that village and this place will be completed Tunkey. From an article in the Pi-the present season, having but three in lote, it would appear that things are far that distance unfinished. The locks from being settled at Constantinople, are all constructed of stone, and are According to this account, on the 4th built in a faithful manner, calculated to ult. the Sultan was attacked, on his way last for ages. The average cost of to prayers, by the populace, who in the each is estimated at about \$4000. The over the soldiery. A scene of bloody the village of Woonsocket, where one retaliation followed, and some hundreds lock is completed, and two others are in only be removed by blasting. A young man named Simon Howard, aged about Madrid advices of the 23th Aug. as- 22 years, was killed there on the 12th sert, that Mr. Lamb, the British Minis- ult. by a piece of rock weighing 341bs. the French troops; on the recognition A small portion of it has been completof the Independence of the South Amer-i ed at Worcester, and they are making

> > The institutions and principles of Mr. Owen of New Harmony, are vigorously attacked in the Illinois (Shawnee Town) Gazette. The critic says :-

In the ridiculous attempt to introduce whole system is disorderly and ineffi-The Pope has reduced his army es- cient. Its arrangements, which were to put the old world to the blush, are themselves fit subjects for the keenest ridicule. To show the physical strength of the female to be equal with the mule, GREAT NATIONAL ROAD. Major Long, is a great point with these modern phiof the Topographical Engineers, has re- lo-ophers-Field work is endeavored to turned to this city, from the examination, be introduced, but meets with proper of the route for a national road from and suitable resistance by the more vir-Washington to Buffalo. We have alread tuons and industrious of the fair sex, dy noticed his views of the route by while the house idlers submit to their which he passed from Washington to; task in the field. Hence the necessary Buffalo. The Western route, examined and usual employments, contributing so

Lou lon and Philipsburg, presents but they might almost as well squeeze the

The Society, which was itself to es-

VICE-President, A public dinner and ball were given by the citizens of Pen-Lexivoron. (Ken.) Sept. 25. Pive dieton, on the 7th ult. to the Vice-Pie-Noah's Enquirer.

> MARYLAND. The Aurora says that Jackson. He will have that State .- 1'.

PARIS.

Agric we rece some oth Cattle a grown a up in per ductions industry licit the are ther great me the labor men—th of natur are pleas courtesy and daug share of can refusithey soli In cast behold in our o found on clined to

ble. It

for expe want of s all that hear our forward the occas selves, w It is not our soil : naries fo must be, simplicity proudly hibit, our It must which re and enjoy without a which co covies no seeks no lt must bliss to p dence wl —a joy of tion of of dles with Many

tions as

where th

is enabled

—where to the be pampered size. T

such in s

will best

and expedderived f

ed emula

DISTRE

arrival ir us more a tress of th nity; dis vice, but and scare spreads a disease, a ing fecun relief, are filled of the cl almost dr ing a mis every pri thousands That san food, pre genial rea employme miseries e crimes, a by those i for hunge rights of

calamities lated hor ence, eve must be w these circ lects and raise the of life, to u prohibit fourteen l for work, nounceme found for In the these, we ment and

> may live i tency, if t who canno fortable s need not s saries of H ils cemior luxuries (l ty and wro among us, stances at then, they but the wi here the a

tion, wher

gravated 1 princely 1 heredilary ficial barri

This tribe of from Arkansas e last spring, oucluded with) we are sorbeen reduced ity of wretchng on a state onsequence of destruction of isioned by the River during oring and the r. A deputaa short time place, for the stressed situaand soliciting relief. This faction in statl. The Govan order for y to them, of d to prevent re too often ed sons of the

took the precorn should at the resipresence of to certify the timely relief y of that unorrors of ac-Guz. Sept. 25. e learn from twithstanding sen in consed heavy rains tractors upon one and this h their work t is expected een that vile completed but three in The locks one, and are calculated to rage cost of 34000. The ling through where one others are in at this place il being ens, which can g. A young , aged about on the 12th ighing 341bs. on the head. iow between the Canal. een completare making ed vigorousciples of Mr. e vigorously wnee Town)

to introduce larmony, its y and ineffihich were to blush, are the keenest ical strength ith the male, modern phideavored to vith proper ie more virhe fair sex. mit to their e necessary stributing co convenience suse, and a e article in worked at strong lad,

have done Lady brick-Other Lady coves, who siness that squeeze the er becomes under such at the loom. fields, both aployment.

with more ounder and ttelf to eserdent as to is itself in ew system, m support, rappy, and o danger of eles labric

d to intro-

ciation, dis

rdity, they

k belind." dinner and ens of Pon-Vice-Prend his lady. outh Caro ampaign is assimilate Inquirer.

says that yland Senlly to Gen.

State.-1.

THE OBSERVER.

up in pens for exhibition, mammoth proindustry and skill court the eye and so- tween Great Britain and the United the labors and ingenuity of the husband- not likely to be satisfactorily and amica- shock must, of course, be gradual. men-the lords of the soil—the nobility bly adjusted. It mentions also, as prog-

hear ourselves as proudly, and press come one of the United States. forward as boldly, as any others, when the occasion demands it. It is not timidity. for when we choose to exert ourselves, what competitor need we fear. It is not that our stock is degenerate, or our soil ungrateful; our stalls and granaries forbid this conclusion. It is--it Council, which, by this time, the polimust be, that modesty and republican ticians of your country must have read taken Drury Lane, our bankrupt manasimplicity, which will not permit us to with attention and your merchants with gers are all going over to New-York proudly boast of, or ostentatiously ex- great interest. From what has leaked and Boston, to set up shop; and the achibit, our improvements and advantages. out, the adoption of that order was tors too! -why even " the walking genwhich rests satisfied with the possession was the result of sheer necessity and a One of them the other day refused to and enjoyment of prosperity and plenty, due regard for the interests of our trade play Rosenerantz, and threatened to go without anxiously trumpeting it abroad; and commerce. It has produced among over to America, and make a fortune which conscious of its own blessings, the American Merchants on Change no envies not the happiness of others, and seeks not the rivalship of vain display. It must be a preference of domestic British Cabinet, and it is to them, as say. The booksellers are breaking, bliss to public applause--a retiring diffidence which courts not the public gaze President Adams, who is certainly an

Many we know, regard these exhibitions as of doubtful utility; as a place where the rich, by a lavish expenditure The United States assume at this day a than when hearing of our neighbors' is enabled to outdo the practical farmer -where the premium is awarded, not one held in 1800. Much may now be ruin. And therefore it is, that newsto the best stock, but to some animal conceded from liberality and justice papers are eagerly read. pampered by luxury, to an unnatural which policy may have prohibited at size. These erroneous opinious, for that period. A young country, strugwill best be corrected by observation fundamental principles of government, and experience of the beneficial results, may be justified in punctilious adhederived from well regulated and direct- rence to such principles, but at this day ed emulation.

arrival from the mother country, brings between the two countries, seek only us more aggravated accounts of the dis- to promote the positive interests of each. tress of the lower classes of the commu- Mr. Adams, however, may have imaginnity; distress, the more pitiable, as it ed that the point could have been adresults not from voluntary idleness or justed by negotiation, indeed we undervice, but from the want of employment stand here that nothing but the illness and scarcity of food. This calamity of Mr. King prevented a very active spreads among them like an infectious discussion of the subject, and Mr. Galladisease, and multiplies with an increas- tin, your new Minister, it is said, has ing fecundity. Funds raised for their full powers on the subject. Nothing, relief, are exhausted; the poor-houses however, will be done by the British are filled to overflowing; the resources Cabinet until Congress shall have passof the charitable are diminishing and ed the bill originally reported. Mr. almost dried up; the means of support- Canning is decidedly opposed to the ing a miserable existence, even under taking of any definitive steps on the subevery privation, are rapidly failing, and ject until the President's speech shall thousands are dying of actual starvation. have been received and the subject re-That same poverty which denies them ported upon by Congress. food, prevents their removal to more The Greek government has at length genial regions, where subsistence and discovered that patriotism may be a employment might be afforded. These convenient cloak for fraud. Half the miseries are not without their attendant amount begged and borrowed for that crimes, and their influence is not unfelt brave people, has been squandered in by those in more affluent circumstances, the most profuse and profligate manner for hunger is no great respector of the The steam vessels contracted for, to rights of property. To add to their join the squadron of Lord Cochrane, are calamities, winter with all its accumu- not sea worthy, and thus a barrier to lated horrors is approaching. Exist- the progress of that gallant officer, has ence, even if it can be supported under been, as we conceive, designedly raised. such a pressure of want and famine, Among the items published in our jour- statement made in a New-York paper, must be worse than death itself. Under nals, is one of £150,000, transmitted to that he had been allowed 12,000% for lects and refuses to repeal laws, which I am happy that this sum has been res- frigates. The account was copied from vaise the price, even of the necessaries cued from the hands of speculators, and a statement published in London, and of life, to a height amounting almost to feel confident that your ingenious and declared to be authentic, as rendered, u prohibition. It is stated, that about skilful architects, will send two ships to It may have been a misprint. His pay fourteen hundred persons have applied Greece, calculated to do honor to the from the Greek fund is said to be 120%. for work, in consequence of the an- country in which they were built, and (over \$500) per month. nouncement that employment would be probably be of material aid in terminatfound for them on the public roads.

In the contemplation of scenes like ment and gratitude in our own condi- our Ambassador at Constantinople to as- \$50,000 for the use and superintendance tion, where all who can and will labor, sure the Divan that Lord Cochrane was of the two yards in which they were may live in the enjoyment of a compe- no longer a British subject. This may built. Well may the Greeks denomintency, if not of affluence, and for those have been intended to quiet their ap-who cannot provision is made for a com- prehensions that he was secretly aided to guide their apfortable support. Here the diligent by the government, for it is an estabneed not suffer or want. Of the neces | lished principle with us that no British | saries of life we have an abundance; of subject can ever throw off his allegiance for the Greeks, sailed on Tuesday last ils comforts a rich supply, and of its to his country. In spite, however, of pet- under the command of Lt. Gregory. luxuries there is no want. That pover- ty obstacles, the Greeks are doing well. ty and wretchedness may not be found They only want Union to ensure sucamong us, we do not deny, but the in- cess, for they are materially aided by borhood of Providence there are about stances are comparatively rare, and the wretched state of things in Constant one hundred and fifty manufactories, then, they are the result of any thing tinople-by the civil commotions in which consume 30,000 bales of cotton a but the want of employment. Besides, Turkey, and the jealousy and distrust year. These establishments give embers the anguish of poverty is not ago of the Pacha of Egypt.

gravated by the pomp and splendor of The Portuguese constitution is really From the simple statement of these facts,

bility prevents each from placing him-thus been actively negotiating with the A person who was present at a dinner

[From the New-York Enquirer.]

CORRESPONDENCE, London, Sept. 1, 1826. My last referred to the Order of ordinary sensations; they have long anticipated this step on the part of the sent.—Of literature, there is nothing to well as to us, a matter of surprise that printers starving, and authors, of course, -a joy of the heart which the admiration of others neither makes nor mediant with the subject, should not have papers. The want of news is supplied of this body be presented by the Chairvery different rank and attitude to the faults, or when weeping over our own ling to enforce and perpetuate certain you can well afford to adopt an enlarged policy, free from suspicion and distrust, DISTRESS IN ENGLAND. Almost every and by forgetting that any rivalry exists

ing the war. Our government, I am sorry to say, in New-York on account of the frigates according to the Proprietors' plan of said these, we find new motives for content- has committed a little act in permitting lately built there for the Greeks, was town.

princely luxury, and the insolence of a bitter pill for the Ultras; it has pro- we can easily conceive the trade and single, the hereditary wealth. Here are no arti- duced nothing but consternation and dis- industry which they must bring to Maine Farmers' Almanack for 1827. ficial barriors, nothing but natural ina- may in Madrid. The Spanish Cabinet Providence.

self on a level with the proude st. Our Cabinet of Versailles on the subject, and at Mexico on St. Patrick's day, speaks laws distribute, and honest industry soon although Austria and Russia cannot be of our minister, Mr. Poinsett, as an "inheaped together. When we compare theless, a determination to produce a dinner he expressed a wish for the emansome others, are filled with accounts of "lines have fallen to us in pleasant been discovered and put down, to change took umbrage. Cattle and other Shows. Huge over-grown and overfed cattle are cooped places and we have a goodly heritage." the order of things, and John Bull, who guarantees the integrity of the new Por-

are there wanting on these occasions circles in England; and that the sub- ty and suffering among the operatives in the I. great men to gaze at, admire and praise jects in discussion between them are the recovery from a sudden and severe

I have been (occasional visits to town of nature, as on these occasions they nostics of such rupture, the appoint- excepted) passing my summer leisure are pleased in the condescension of their ment in 1824, of Engineers to examine at the watering places. Unhappy Brighcourtesy to call them. Their wives the state of the fortifications in the Co- ton! no longer the abode of hereditary and daughters also, claim and receive a lonies;—an appeal to the public on the royalty, but abandoned and turned over share of attention and applause, for who value of the Colonies, inserted in the to the upstart royalty of wealth,can refuse praise or even flattery when Quarterly Review, and attributed to one George the 4th, after half a century of of the above engineers; and the mis- patronage, has bid, forever, farewell, In casting about for a reason, why we sion of three engineers to superintend and his throne is supplied by Mr. Rothsbehold or hear of nothing of this kind objects of defence, now going on with child. Not that the Brightonians lose in our own State, we have at length activity in Upper Canada and Bermuda, any thing by the exchange, for George found one, which we are the more in- We know what degree of second-sight the 4th is the poorest of kings, and Sol. clined to think true, as it is commendational the above reporters and prognosticators of omen the 2d is the richest of brokers. He. It is not for the lack of materials, possess; but it would require no great The tradesmen make fortunes by his for experience and observation teach depth of prescience to foresee, that in custom. He and his suite swallowed us the contrary. It is not sloth or the case of serious rupture between the seven barrels of beer in one day! His want of a generous ambition to excel in two powers, that within six months wines are in proportion. The wealth all that is praiseworthy, for we can after, Upper Canada, at least, would be- of the whole synagogue is at his heels, and report says, that he has bought the Pavillion for a summer house. Buth is a mere asylum for yellow-faced nabobs and dowager countesses. Cheltenham is thronged with youth, beauty, and some fashion.

The theatrical world is all confusion. Since your prosperous Manager has by his Hamlet. In truth, you have got all our great Roscii amongst you at prewill not write when their employers John Given, Secretary, it was

AID OF THE GREEKS. It is known, that made in England, in aid of the cause of the Greeks, and that the larger part of a million of this money was transmitted to the United States, to build two frigates to be added to the Greek navy and that loud complaints have been made of the gross misapplication of these funds by the Agents who have had the management of the concern; ed serious attention on both sides of the Atlantic. A meeting of the holders of on the farm of Mr. GLOVER. the Greek Stock was held in London, on the 5th September, and many scenes of niquity exposed. A sketch of the proeedings of this meeting is given in the Boston Centinel of the 18th inst., which affords much interesting information. A very able exposition of the American 21. branch of this business has also been made in a pamphlet, just published, by Henry D. Sedgwick, Esq. of New-York, one of the counsel of the Greek Depu- things. tics, appointed to investigate it. It will be read with deep interest on many accounts, and cannot fail to excite attention and indignation, at the exposed misconduct of Men,

"Who sigh and groan, "For Public Good, but serve their own." Bost. Centinel.

Gen. LALLEMAND has contradicted the these circumstances, government neg- the United States, to build two frigates. superintending the building of the Greek

Parriotism. One of the charges made

The frigate Hope, built at New-York

PROVIDENCE INDUSTRY. In the neigh-

PARIS....THURSDAY....OCT. 26....1826. collects, the wealth which avarice had persuaded to interfere, there is, never- triguing Foreign Envoy," because at the Acricultural Festivals. The papers our situation with that of the nations of revolution in Portugal by any means cipation of the Catholics of Ireland; at we receive from the "Bay State" and Europe, we may truly say, that the short of open war. A plot has already which, Mr. Ward, the British minister,

The U. S. sloop of war Lexington, AMERICA AND ENGLAND. The Quebec tuguese constitution will have more than Captain Shubrick, sailed from New-York ductions of nature, and feats of human Gazette intimates, that a rupture be- ordinary trouble to keep things quiet. on Friday for the Island of Trinidad, to Our home affairs look somewhat more bring home the remains of the late Com. licit the attention on every side. Nor States, has been rumored in political cheerful; but there is still great pover. Perry. Capt. D. Turner is passenger Bost. Statesman.

> John F. A. Sanford, Esq. is appointed Indian Agent, in the place of Peter Wilson, deceased. Mr. S. is to reside at the Mandan villages, on the Upper Missouri, a distance of 1700 miles from St. Louis, 1050 miles from the Council Bluffs, and upwards of two thousand five C iefs; Rob Roy; No Fiction; Hero of the very heart of the wilderness.-Ib.

> Gen. Ashley and his party have been heard from and are shortly expected at St. Louis, Missouri. The party left St. Rocky Mountains. They have met with good success and bring home 123 packs of more than Eight Months standing, are re-

> We learn by the Quebec papers, that some chests of treasure, which were lost in a French frigate, sixty-seven years ago, in the river St. Lawrence, about nine miles above Quebec, have been found. It is rumored that the by the Hon. Exoch Lincoln, where value of this property is estimated at he will attend to such business as may be one million of dollars.

Mississippi. Mr. Haile has been elected in Mississippi to represent that State in the 20th Congress. He was opposed by four candidates, and receiv-It must be, that quiet contentedness, "more in sorrow than in anger," and tlemen" talk loud about emigration. of them. He is friendly to Gen. Jack-Noah's Enquirer.

> Brunswick, Oct. 10. ing of a number of the officers and sol- whole of the first named sum, (\$150,000,) is diers of the revolutionary army held in vested in Bank funds, mortgages, and indersthis town on the 5th inst. PHILIP OWEN, Esq. being chosen Chairman, and Mr.

countenanced the bill introduced by one by an abundance of scandal, or melan-man to the Hon. Peleo Sprague of Hal- ty in all their dealings. of your Senators, which placed British choly anecdotes of starvation and dis lowell, the Hon. John Anderson of Porttonninge on the most favorable footing. tress. We are never more delighted land, and the Hon. Edward Everett of losses by fire, the property of those who may Massachusetts, for their generous and make application to him, at his office, where able pleas before the Congress of the the terms will be made known. United States in behalf of ourselves and companions in the perilous services of the revolution, -not forgetting in our gratitude all others, who in any measure interested themselves in our favor; would kindly prosper them in their life, make their last end peace, and finally receive them to immortal blessedness.

JOHN GIVEN, Secretary.

To the Editor of the Observer. Sin,-There were picked from off and of the delay of the succors. The the farm of Dea. Bumr, about the first subject, it appears, has recently arrest- of this month, ripe and full grown Strawberries of the second growth! Likewise, Hebron, Oct. 14, 1826.

PHILIP OWEN, Chairman.

Died,

In Vassalborough, Mrs. Sally Horn, daugh ter of Mr. James Horn, aged 18.—Mr. Ansel Hawes, son of Deacon Prince Hawes, aged PACKAGES

In Shrewsbury, 6th inst. Mr. George Slocomb, aged 74-An Inn-keeper about 40 years, a Farmer and a firm Republican-and died in the full belief of the restoration of all

In Pilisburg, Penu. Mr. John Marshall. aged 77. He was a native of Scotland, and emigrated to America, in 1768. He cast the first cannon made in the United States, during the Revolutionary War, at Capt. Charles Ridgly's Works, Maryland. He also gave the first draft of a boring mill for boring can-

PUBLIC AUCTION.

O'N FRIDAY, the tenth day of November next, at ten of the clock A. M. at the house of William B. Bray, in Turner, by virtue of a license from the Justices of the Supreme Judicial Court, the following parcels of Land, situate in said Turner, late the property of JAMES WARREN, Esq. late of Plymouth, in the Commonwealth of Massachusetts, deceased, will be exposed to sale, Mixed BROADCLOTHS; CASSIMERES; Lu-

One undivided half part of lots Nos 91. 92. 111. 114. 153. 160. 207. 209. 273. 235. 180. 228. 269. 278. and 18.

C. H. WARREN, Adm'r, with the Will annexed, on the estate of James Warnen. Oct. 19, 1826.

ASA BARTON,

AGENT FOR THE

New-England Insurance Company, Capital 200,000 Dollars. continues to issue Polices at fair rates of Premiums, on application to him at the OXFORD BOOKSTORE. Parie, Oct. 19.

Almanacks for 1827.

Paris, Oct. 12.

OXFORD LODGE.



A SPECIAL MEETING bo holden ut masses.
Hall in Paris, on Wednesday the 8th Nov.
next, at one o'clock P. M. precisely. The members are request-

ed to give their punctual attendance. By order of the Rt. Worshipful Master. THOMAS CLARK, Sec'ry. Paris, Oct. 25, 1826.

NEW BOOKS.

UST received and for sale at the Oxford Bookstore—The Masonic Monitor; Beauties of Masonry; Masonic Constitutions; Masonic Melodies, &c. To be sold Cheap 1

Also-Waverly; Red Gauntleft; The Abbott; Antiquary; Absentee; Scottish hundred miles from Washington City; in No Fiction; Tales of the Manor; Vicar of Wakefield; World without Souls, &c. Gr Very Low.

NOTICE

quested to make payment to them previous o the first of November next, or they will be left with an Attorney for collection. Paris, Aug. 11, 1826.

JOSEPH G. COLE.

ATTORNEY AT LAW. intrusted to his care. Paris, Sept. 29, 1826.

PROTECTION

Fusurance Company.

FITHE PROTECTION INSURANCE COMPANY: L was incorporated by the Legislature of the State of Connecticut in the year 1825. and its office is located at Hartford in that State. Its Capital, is One Hundred and Fifly Thousand Dollars, with liberty to increase it to Half a Million, whenever the business of MEETING OF OLD SOLDIERS. At a meet- the Institution may render it expedient. The ed notes, and on the shortest notice can be cashed and applied to the payment of losses.

The Company, expect to deserve the confidence of the public, by doing business on as Voted unanimously, That the thanks favorable terms as any other similar institution, and by the utmost fairness and liberali-

The subscriber, having been appointed agent for this Company, will insure against

JOSEPH G. COLE. Paris, Oct. 6, 1826.

NOTICE.

HE subscriber will leave this place loans to the amount of more than praying that, (though we may be doom- Southern and Western States, and will pass Twelve Millions of dollars have been ed to go down quickly to the grave un- through the most of them. He has made such rewarded, destitute, and forsaken,) God arrangements in his contemplated journey as will enable him to transact any business that may be intrusted to his care, with the strictest fidelity; such as paying taxes on non-resident lands, redeeming such as have been sold for taxes, ascertaining the location and value of land, validity of titles, &c .- Likewise, any other business that he may be intrusted with.

> OFFor responsibility he refers to Hon. Enoch Lincoln and Hon. Benjamin Chandler. JONATHAN BEMIS, Jr. Paris, Sept. 25, 1826. 6w 117

NEW FALL GOODS.

G. C. LYFOED (At No. 6, Boyd'e Buildings, Middle-street,) HAS JUST RECEIVED

British, French, Americans and Endia GOODS.

-AMONG WHICH ARE-1400 yards Scotch & Tartan Plates. 1300 "Black, Color'd, & Figur'd

BOMBAZETTS.

3000 " Calicors, elegant Patterns.

2500 "Brown Sheetings, at 12 1-2 cts. per yard.

1300 " Do. at 15 cts.

600 " Do. at 1s. Do. 1000 "BLEACHED SHEETINGS,

from 1s. to 22 cts. BLEACHED SHIRTINGS,

from 12 1-2 to 20 cts. 750 "FACTORY GINGHAMS.

450 " BEDTICKINGS. 50 BLACK LAGE VEILS.

Blue, Black, Olive, Claret, Brown & dies' Habit Cloths; Sattinetts; Flan nels; Cambrics; Muslins; Linens; Ribbons; Nankin and Canton Crapes Black Twilled Silks; Italian Silks, Black Figured Silks; Worsted Hosery; Fine assortment Gloves; Dimitles; Norwich Crapes; Elegant London Bombazines, &c. &c. &c.

All of which are selling Rapidly CTAT UNUSUAL LOW PRICES. 40 Portland, Sept. 1826.

NOTICE.

VIO BE SOLD at PUBLIC VENDUE, at L the Dwelling-house of the late Mr. Sternen Roeinson, in Paris, on Monday the thirtieth day of October Instant, at ten o'clock in the forenoon-

7 Cows--- 1 yoke of five-year old Oxen-1 yoke of three-year old Steers -1 two-year old Helfer-4 two-year JUST received and for sale at the Oxford old Steers-6 Yearlings-1 yearling Bookstore, by the hundred, dozen, or Colt-4 Calves-200 bushels of good Colt-4 Calves,-200 bushels of good Rye of last year's crop—15 tons of Hay. LEVI WHITMAN, Adm'r.

Health, like a rose, sat on her cheek, So pure, so full of joy, i dreamed not, the charm would break, Or death so soon destroy.

But disease, like a canker, stole Into each vital vein,
Whose course, could life nor love control, Or skill or care restrain.

I watch'd how slow th' infection spread Its pale hue day by day, Till ev'ry tint in death was clad, Where th' rose late bloom'd so gay.

-We lov'd-one short but perfect hour, Were bast-Ah! cruel fate! Why didst thou not withhold thy power Or other victim wait?

Must I no more behald that face? Do I thus weep to see The last fond hope to cheer me cease? O merciless decree!

But thou, O Gon, whose righteous sway Rolls unmolested on, Teach me, though hard, henceforth to say "Thy Heavenly will be done."

FOR THE OBSERVER.

On seeing the Scholars of collect upon the Stage.

I look'd with mix'd sensations on the group Of youthful forms, collected to receive A brother scholar's eloquent adieu. There was the pride of many a father's heart There the young hope of his declining years. Upon that humble platform, rear'd to show To idle gazers and to anxious friends The progress active diligence had made. From almost every eye the sparkling glance Of emulation shot a lustre forth; And the light footstep told that rising hope Held firm dominion over every heart. Perchance within those youthful bosom

b'welg A love for science that increasing years Can nover quench, but which as time rolls or Will settle deeper in the ardent soul, And trace the pathway of the future life. There may be genius planted in those minds. Genius, which in some coming year may burst

With self-collected splendor on the view. The lofty courage of the hero's heart, The penetration of the statesman's eye, The poet's rich imaginings of soul, All, all perhaps reside within those forms, To be exhibited in future days. There too the unearthly feelings of the saint The piety inwoven with the mind. Perhaps may dwell; to be exerted when Fair science has bestow'd a softening garb, And rendered genius fitter for the world. Some too are doubtless doom'd to pass awa And sink in cold oblivion, heeded not Save by kind friendship's interested eye,-But then all seem'd on an equality, And look'd like brethren training for the

cares And various vicissitudes of life. Days, weeks and months together they have pass'd,

And daily view, and constant intercourse Perhaps have blended many hearts in one. Before one century has pass'd away Those animated bosoms will have gain'd Man's last retreat from sorrow and despair; But what the events which destiny hath plann'd

Are not to mortals known. OITHONA.

MISCELLANY.

The Hon. WILLIAM PLUMMER, formerly pertaining to the government and prosperity of our country. These essays are now pubthe proverbial

"INGRATITUDE OF REPUBLICS."

that has been often made against the neglect him? No: He not only offer- tion, they were not spies-they were people and government of this country, ed to place him at the head of the trea- citizens of this country, owed allegiance for being ungrateful to their benefactors sury department, but importuned him to its government, and did not meet in and public officers. Every man well ac- to accept that office, but Mr. Morris de- or near the fortifications or encampquainted with the history of our country, clined it. Though in the office of finan-ments of our armies. The General, and the biography of its distinguished cier he did not increase his property, therefore, misunderstood the import of characters, know the accusation is un- he did not by that office lose it. He that law as well as the principles of our just. Numerous instances of signal acts lost his great wealth, not by the public, government, and his hasty arbitrary disof gratitude might be cited to disprove but by the purchase of vast tracts of position shows the great impropriety of the charge, from the earliest settlement wild, uncultivated lands, which he was considering gratitude for past services of the country to the present time; but unable to hold until they became salea- as the rule for selecting candidates for Steph. Randall, 1 4 100 that would require a volume. I will ble. select only a few prominent cases since

ces as commander of our armies for were better qualified.

circumstances, statesmen and those deep- fer the former to the latter. ly versed in constitutional principles such gratuities, yet, all must acknowthe gratitude of the government and people.

of the revolutionary army, who was distinguished for his bravery and services to the country, who was not afterwards serving for a short period as a lieuten- of gratitude might be cited in our own through a part of Township lettered C, to ant in that war, though not the princi- times. What but this, gave Andrew through said Surplus along Black Brook pal cause, yet it contributed to his elec- Jackson at the late presidential election, thence through a part of Township numbered - Academy and millions of dollars have been paid, thanks of the nation. If he had not and are paying, to alleviate the burth- there acquired the dazzling same of a ens that poverty and age imposed upon warrior, it is not probable he would has been grateful to those who served tions for that important trust. A repubtheir country.

country.

distinguished for their civil or military three principal leaders of the party. I bers whom I well knew, I will mention rules and regulations for the government Magistrates of the State as long as ei- constituted government." Though 1 ther of them would consent to hold those did then altogether disapprove of the in which he continued till he died.

financier, in one of the most gloomy pe- of war, all persons not citizens of, or any other man to support the declining of America, who shall be found lurking and useful services were not known to encampments of the armies of the Governor of New-Hampshire, has been en- the people, and even now are less United States, or any of them, shall sufgaged several years in writing essays on our known and esteemed than what they fer death, according to law and usage of merited. He has, indeed, as one to nations, by sentence of a general court whom the people and government has martial." This law is explicitly confinof our country. These essays are now published in the Portsmouth Journal. The following lished in the Portsmouth Journal. The following and that after the war ed to foreigners and those who do not dent Proprietors and Owners of the lowing is the last of the series which has ap- they suffered him to be arrested and owe allegiance to the U. States, who following Lots of Land in the town of Newry. late of Lovell, in the County of Oxford, Phyfacts-did Gen. Washington, who knew mies; but the members of that Conven-I now proceed to consider the charge, and justly appreciated his great services, tion were not persons of that descrip

stances of the public gratitude, to such man is more disposed to pay him hom-There is no man to whom the nation officers of the army as were distinguish- age than I am, but I cannot aid in his owed more gratitude than to Washing- ed for their services to the country, elevation to the presidency. ton, and there is no man to whom the The people as well as the government, people and government of any country have not only been liberal, but in some YANKEE VALOR. At the battle of were ever more grateful. It is true the instances partial in conferring office and Elaw, after the British line had been government did not grant him a pecuni- emolument upon them, in preference to broken, and the Old Buffs, a regiment ary reward, for his distinguished servi- other men who in every point of view that had boasted of the extraordinary

eight years in the revolutionary war. But it is a truth which ought never to ping from the field, Lieut. Manning of the celebrated Mary Pitcher to the more not because they were unwilling, but be forgotten, that in a republican gov-sprang forward in pursuit, directing the elevated but equally vague pretensions of because he nobly refused to accept it. ernment, offices are not created for the platoon which he commanded to follow the injudicious actrologer-But the people after that twice unani- benefit of the officer, or as a reward him. He did not cast an eye behind mously elected him to the highest office for past services, but to secure and pro- him until he found the British men on Manners of the Agein their gift, that of President of the mote the prosperity and well being of all sides of him, and not an American United States, and would, no doubt, had the nation. In selecting men for office nearer than one hundred and fifty or two he not voluntarily declined, again have those who are best qualified should be hundred yards. He did not hesitate a re-elected him. As soon as his death appointed; and the officer should conmoment, but springing at an officer who was known the people spontaneously sider the appointment, not as a reward was near him, seized him by the collar expressed their gratitude for his servi- for what he has done, but as a claim and exclaiming in a harsh tone, "I)-d ces by mourning for his loss. Eulogies, which the public have for his services, you, Sir, you are my prisoner," wrested funeral discourses, and badges of mourn- which he is bound to perform. As no his sword from his grasp, dragged him ing appeared in every part of our coun- man can have a just claim to office, net from the house into which Cruger and try. His name, his services, and char- ther the people or government when his York volunteers had thrown themacter are, and long will continue to be they withhold their suffrages, are guilty selves, and keeping his body as a shield incorporated with our history.

of ingratitude. A man would not be of defence from the heavy fire from The services which the Marquis La- ungrateful to a farmer who had served the windows, carried him off without fayette rendered us was great, but the bim well as such, for not employing him sustaining any injury. Manning has gratitude of the people and government as his lawyer, physician, divine, or me- often related, that at the moment when

State in the Union as the nation's guest. | gratitude to a good military officer, be- | lemnity commenced an enumeration of Each State and every great city and cause they do not make him president, his titles-" I am. Sir. Henry Barry, town, vied with the other, who should governor, or judge, for neither of which Deputy-Adjutant General of the British shew him most respect. Much time and he is qualified. But if two candidates Army, Captain in the 32d Regiment, Seattention, and liberal donations of money are equally well fitted for office, and cretary to the Commandant at Charlesand land were given to this foreigner, one of them has served the public well ton," " Enough, enough, Sir, you was who was not wealthy, and has not the in other offices, and the other has lived just the man I was looking for; fear means to return the favor. Under these in private life, sound policy would pre- nothing for your life; you shall screen

may doubt the right of Congress to make not qualified, from the mere principle size, but strong and remarkably well of gratitude for services in a different formed. This probably led Barry, who ledge they are conclusive evidence of office, exhibits more goodness of heart could not wish his capture to be comoffice, exhibits more goodness of heart could not wish his capture to be com- has not been done before, and to show how than soundness of mind. It is an error mented on, to reply, when asked by his far it is from being a New Doctrine, not have that may endanger the security and brother officers how he came to be It will be difficult to name an officer prosperity of the people. A man may taken, "I was overpowered by a huge be well qualified for one office, who is Virginian." utterly incapable of performing the duties of another. He may possess in an raised to office, place, and emolument, eminent degree all the qualifications for Whoever will take the trouble of exam- the command of an army, and yet be ining the list of public officers in the destitute of every qualification for pre-United States, and the several States, sident, governor, judge or legislator .for twenty or thirty years succeeding Gratitude for former services should in anover, in said County, on a durated the for twenty or thirty years succeeding Gratitude for former services should in anover, in said County, on a durated the former services should in the former services should be sh the termination of that war, will be sur- never induce us, to raise men to office in the forenoon, for the purpose of locating prised to find in that list so many of the in which they can neither serve the a Road from where the southerly line of officers of that army. It ought not, per- public, or advance their own reputation. Township numbered Four in the First range,

common soldiers as well as the officers his bravery and success in the battle of thence through a part of said Andover, along who served in that war who became New-Orleans in the late war, he richly Road, so called. poor, have all been pensioned for life, merited, and actually received, the them. Though the policy and proprie- have ever been named as a candidate ty of this last measure are doubtful, yet for the presidency, when hundreds of THE STANDING COMMITTEE for locating it proves the fact, that the government our citizens possess superior qualifica-Nor have the people omitted their military chieftain at the head of its govgratitude to those who in civil life sup- ernment. Gen. Washington was an exported that revolution. A host of this ception, but does not disprove the princlass of men, were it necessary, might ciple—he was a rare and extraordinary be named, to whom the people and gov- man-and we have little reason to exernment have been grateful for these pect his like again. But Jackson's prinservices. Their names will occur to ciples and disposition, his talents and every man who is acquainted with the information, are entirely different from history of our own times. Of this class those of Washington. Gen. Jackson in were John Adams, Thomas Jefferson, a letter to President Monroe, of Jan. and James Madison, each of whom have 6th, 1817, deliberately says, "I am free been presidents of the nation, and enjoy- to acknowledge, had I commanded the ed the esteem and gratitude of their military department where the Hartford Convention sat. If it had been the last act or the Powers and Duties of Sheriffs, Coro-In New-Hampshire those who were of my life, I should have punished the services in that revolution, continued, am certain an independent court martial as long as they lived, to receive grate- would have condemned them under the Laws or Maine. This edition is much better ful returns from the people. Of num- second section of the act establishing only Meshach Weare, John Langdon, of the army of the U. States. These and John Sullivan. The two first were kind of men, although called federalists, respectively elected Chief Executive are really monarchists and traitors to the immediate application. offices; and the last held the same office | Hartford Convention, and still believe till he preferred that of District Judge, their prime object was to aid our public enemy and embarrass the govern-Men may perform meritorious servi- ment of our country; yet the laws gave ces for the public of such a nature, that no military officer any right or authorithe great mass of the people are not ty to punish its members. The Gene-demption which JOHN BEAN and NATHAN duly sensible of, nor appreciate them ral unfortunately refers to the second according to their real value. Such section of a particular law of Congress was that of the late Robert Morris, who for his authority. That section is in by his wealth, integrity and talents as a the following words:-" That in time riods of our revolution, did more than owing allegiance to, the United States credit of the nation. His able, effective, as spies, in or about the fortifications or imprisoned by his creditors, and to die might be found as spies in or near the County of Oxford, that they are taxed in the sician, deceased, by giving bond as the law poer and neglected. But what are the fortifications or encampments of our arhigh office. For his military talents The war of 1812, furnishes many in- and his important military services, no

were greater. In his recent visit to chanic. And I know no reason why a he suspected his prisoner would make this country he was received in every nation should be reproached with in- an effort for liberty, he with great so-

But to prefer men to office who are care of you." Manning was of inferior

NOTICE.

THE STANDING COMMITTEE for locating Roads in the County of Oxford, hereby give notice to all concerned, that they will meet at the house of EBENEZAN WEBSTER, in Audover, in said County, on Thursday the haps, to be omitted, that one gentleman's | Many instances of the misapplication | intersects Matallak's Brook, so called, thence tion to the Presidency. And even the so many votes for that high office? For Eight, thence to the North line of Andover, Black Brook, to where it intersects the Cool

By order of said Committee. EZRA SMITH, Chairman. Paris, Oct. 14, 1823.

NOTICE.

L Roads for the County of Oxford, hereby give notice to all concerned, that they will meet at the late house of Jon Snaw, in Clartlic can seldom be justified in placing a ford, in said County, on Wednesday the fifteenth day of November next, at ten o'clock in the forencon, for the purpose of locating a Road from said Job Shaw's to the cast line of Hartford, through Chandler's Gore, near the dwelling-house of Tristram C. Norton and Chipman Hopkins, to the County Road which goes from Canton to Britton's Mills, in Livermore, in said County.

By order of said Committee. EZRA SMITH, Chairman. Paris, Oct. 14, 1826.

LAW BOOKS.

TUST received and for sale at the Oxford Bookstore, The MAINE CIVIL OFFICER, ners, Constables, and Collectors of Taxes; with all the necessary forms for business

in either of the above named offices, Also-GLAZIER & Co's Edition of the than the one published by the State, and as the Proprietors are about to raise the price, (as the edition is almost sold,) persons who wish for a correct Copy of the Laws of our State, at a low price, will do well to make

SHERIFF'S SALE.

Oxronn, ss -October 9, 1826. KEN on Execution and will be sold a L Public Vendue on Tuesnay the fourteenth day of November next, at one o'clock BEAN, of said Bethel, has in and to the Real Estate which they now occupy and on a part of which they now live, and being all the real estate which they deeded to EDMOND BEAN, of said Bethel, by their Mortgage Deed dated July fifth, 1826, to secure the payment of two hundred and sixty-seven dollars and seventy-five cents, payable in one year with interest, and recorded on the

page 428. HEZEKIAH HUTCHINS, Jr. *120 Dep. Sheriff.

Book of Records for said County, book 26,

Collector's Notice Newry. Bills committed to me the subscriber, Col- directs-lle therefore requests all persons lector of said town of Newry for the year | who are indebted to the said deceased's estate 1825, in the respective sums following, viz:

Unless said Taxes and all intervening charges are paid to me the subscriber, on or before Tuesbay the sixth day of February next, so much of said land as will satisfy the same, will then be sold at Public Vendue at the School-house in the South District, in said Newry, at one of the clock in the atter-ANDREW N. STOW.

Collector for 1825. Newry, Oct. 12, 1926.

JUST received and for sale at the Oxford Bookstore, Witchcraft, or the Art of For

The Flowers of Wit-Wonders of the World-Select Poems, &c. Oct. 19.

NOTICE.

WHEREAS letters of Guardianship has been granted to Moses F. Kinnart, ALVAN BOLSTER, and CURTIS P. Howe, Selectmen of the town of Rumford, of DANIEL CARR, of said town, a person who is a Spendthrift;—this is therefore to forbid all persons trusting him without our consent, as they will be dealt with according to law.

Signed per order, CURTIS P. HOWE, Rumford, Oct. 16, 1826.

SCOTT'S FAMILY BIBLE. FOR SALE at the Cuford Bookstore Scorr's FAMILY BIRLE, Stereotype edition, six volumes, handsomely bound-Cheap,

PROPOSALS

FOR PUBLISHING BY SUBSCRIPTION A Fair and Candid Discussion, or Er. amination, of the much Controverted Doctrines of

Partial,

AND OF Universal Salvation.

In order more clearly to illustrate and prove the Truth of the latter, in a way that ing been believed and preached till of late, as most people imagine, A HIS PORY (so far as is necessary for those nurposes) will be given of the doctrine of Universal Salva. TION, from the time it was first preached, to the present day: together with an account of all the principal or most eminent Preachers and Writers, who have advecated the same. It will also be clearly stated from whence the belief of never-ending misery originated; when and how it became introduced into the Christian Church, &c. &c.

In the latter part of the Work will be inserted several curious Dialogues, and a number of instructive Anecdotes, illustrative of the previous subjects. And as the writer expects, soon to close all books forever, he will conclude with a Serious Address to his brothren, to all believers in Gon's universal, unlimited goodness and mercy.

By THOMAS BROWN, of ALBANY, (N. Y) Author of the ' History of Shakers,' ' Etherial Physician, and History of the Jews.

The several Works which the author has published, having given general satisfaction, and having been respectfully noticed by several reviewers, and other critical writers, he is the more encouraged to offer this, for public patronage.

Conditions.

The Work will be printed on good paper, and with fair type, and contain about 460 pages duodecimo, well bound and lettered, for \$1,25 cach.

Or Subscriptions received at the Orford Bookstore.

TIME subscriber bereby gives public notice L to all concerned, that she has been duty appointed and taken upon herself the trust of Executrix of the last Will and Testament of DANIEL MERRILL, Jr.

late of Euckfield, in the County of Oxford, Yeoman, deceased, by giving bond as the law directs-She therefore requests all persons who are indebted to the said decessed's estate to make immediate payment; and those who have any demands thereon, to exhibit the same to APPEY ANN M. MERRILL.

Buckfield, Oct. 10, 1826.

TIME subscriber hereby gives public notice . to all concerned, that he has been duly appointed and taken upon himself the trust of Administrator, with the Will annexed, on the estate of

SAMUEL ATWOOD. late of Livermore, in the County of Oxford, yeoman, deceased, by giving bond as the law directs-lle therefore requests all persons who are indebted to the said deceased's esate to make immediate payment; and thos who have any demands thereon, to exhibit NATHAN ATWOOD. the same to Buckfield, Oct. 8, 1826.

THE subscriber hereby gives public notice to all concerned, that he has been duly appointed and taken upon himself the trust of Administrator on the estate of EPHRAIM WIGHT.

late of Gilead, in the County of Oxford, decensed, by giving bond as the law directs-He therefore equests all persons who are indebted to the said deceased's estate to make immediate payment; and those who have any demands thereon, to exhibit the same lo TIMOTHY WIGHT. Gilead, Oct. 10, 1026.

THE subscriber hereby gives public notice to all concerned, that he has been duly appointed and taken upon himself the trust of Administrator on the estate of

to make immediate payment; and these who have any demands thereen, to exhibit the same to Fryeburg, Oct. 10, 1826.

At a Court of Probate held at Paris, willin and for the County of Oxford, on the lentle day of October, in the year of our Lord eighteen hundred and twenty six-

ASON SHERMAN, Administrator, with the Will annexed, on the estate of JU-SIAH BACHELDER, late of Fryeburg, Esquire, deceased, having presented his fitth account of administration of the estate of said

Onnenen-That the said Administrator give notice to all persons interested by causing a copy of this Order to be published three weeks successively in the Oxford Observer, printed at Pari, that they may appear at a Probate Court to be held at Fryeburg, in said County, on the third Tuesday of January next, at ten of the clock in the forenoon, and shew cause, if any they have, why the came should not be allowed.

BENJAMIN CHANDLER, Judge. Attest, Thomas Wensten, Register.

OASH poid for Rass, at the Oxford Bookstore, Oct. 5.

The Observer Is published every Thursday morning, by

ASA BARTON, from the propulations,

at \$2 00 per annum, subject to a deduction of 12 1-2 per cent, to all who pay cash within three months from the date of their subscrip-ADVERTISEMENTS conspicuously inserted

three weeks at our dollar per square-less than a square, seventy-five cents. Legal Notices at the usual price. No paper distoutioned until all arrearages

are paid, but at the option of the publisher. The Publisher deems it expedient to tive notice, that, while he shall always endeavor to be literally correct, he will not hold himself responsible for any error in any advertisement beyond the amount charges for its insertion.

VOL. THE

[The followed pleas the day of t ing Chronica There soothing a our great allowed si

rest; to the we have b troubles, ties of the enter into the sound are then the Sabba the rest of hereafter who rest vain pursu of ambitic notonous where hop ment, and binger of affliction a ing are th usher in th poorest ma dignity-1 journeying ence, whe on earth v his crown humblest :

He who bore Had not on e What a poor, that at a time v heaped its sumption, posed his s noise, and those trans styled Mo They are tentates of man, this for eternity crown will radiance, be blotted bath remin tive inhere ishing that class abse day from Gop. Inst ear to such consoling to

pious pove

world was

Burns, bea

they are r tidings. T the pride, a of every po and promise sio, what h. land, to g these? No stantially, hour of hi trembles b powerful th of dust and very mome crown twin shakes his c this favorite pound of d upon his th moment whi by the diad

to forget th

their back

spirit is bor shakes off or dust, soars the society the sprits of And yet the who deem their notice, ambition, an in low, sore sures of the glimpse of th to follow th flies before a

The Sal

death, so fa

l person w without suffer slupld or insig

Paradisc of (